



strattera[®]
atomoxetine HCl

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In some children and teens, Strattera increases the risk of suicidal thoughts. A combined analysis of 12 studies of Strattera showed that in children and teens this risk was 0.4% for those taking Strattera compared to none for those taking a sugar pill. A similar analysis in adults treated with Strattera did not reveal an increased risk of suicidal thoughts. Call your doctor right away if your child has thoughts of suicide or sudden changes in mood or behavior, especially at the beginning of treatment or after a change in dose.

Strattera should not be taken at the same time or within two weeks of taking an MAOI antidepressant, or if you have narrow angle glaucoma.

Tell your doctor if you or a family member has a history of high or low blood pressure, increased heart rate, heart or blood vessel disease or structural heart defects. If you experience any cardiac symptoms such as chest pain or fainting while taking Strattera you should report them to your doctor right away.

In rare cases, Strattera can cause liver problems. Call your doctor right away if you have itching, dark urine, yellow skin/eyes, upper right-side abdominal tenderness, or unexplained "flu-like" symptoms.

If your child develops new psychological symptoms such as abnormal thoughts/behaviors and/or extreme elevated or irritable moods, while taking Strattera you should report them to your child's doctor right away.

For male patients, if you are taking Strattera and experience priapism, a painful or prolonged erection lasting more than 4 hours, call your doctor right away.

As with all ADHD medications, growth should be monitored during treatment although height and weight data measured for up to 3 years indicates minimal, if any, long-term effects.

In children, the most common side effects were upset stomach, decreased appetite, nausea or vomiting, tiredness, dizziness, and mood swings. In adults, the most common side effects were constipation, dry mouth, nausea, decreased appetite, dizziness, problems sleeping, sexual side effects,

problems urinating, and menstrual cramps. Most people in clinical studies who experienced side effects were not bothered enough to stop using Strattera. Strattera has not been tested in children under 6 years of age or in geriatric adults.

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